



OPERATING AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

SIX-METER TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER MODEL SR-46A

NOTE

ALL MENTION OF THE SR-46 IN THIS MANUAL ALSO REFERS TO THE SR-46A.

WARRANTY

"The Hallicrafter's Company warrants each new radio product manufactured by it to be free from defective material and workmanship and agrees to remedy any such defect or to furnish a new part in exchange for any part of any unit of its manufacture which under normal installation, use and service discloses such defect, provided the unit is delivered by the owner to our authorized radio dealer, wholesaler, from whom purchased, or, authorized service center, intact, for examination, with all transportation charges prepaid within ninety days from the date of sale to original purchaser and provided that such examination discloses in our judgment that it is thus defective.

This warranty does not extend to any of our radio products which have been subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, incorrect wiring not our own, improper installation, or to use in violation of instructions furnished by us, nor extended to units which have been repaired or altered outside of our factory or authorized service center, nor to cases where the serial number thereof has been removed, defaced or changed, nor to accessories used therewith not of our own manufacture.

Any part of a unit approved for remedy or exchange hereunder will be remedied or exchanged by the authorized radio dealer or wholesaler without charge to the owner.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied and no representative or person is authorized to assume for us any other liability in connection with the sale of our radio products."

the hallicrafters CO.

092-04555

Model HA 26 Final Q e fest
Serial no. 526000 - 110041 Q 201C11 Qe
Model no. SR 46 A Final Jert
Serial no. 446100 - 628076 Q 218G18



156-006681

Figure 1. Hallicrafters' Model SR-46A Six-Meter Transmitter/Receiver.

SECTION I GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1-1. INTRODUCTION

The Model SR-46 is a compact, self-contained six-meter radio station. Its compact size, ease of mounting, and universal power supply make this equipment ideally suitable as a 12-volt DC mobile unit as well as a 117-volt AC fixed-station unit. The unit is factory equipped with a transmitter crystal installed in position No. 1 for operation on 50.22 MC. Three other positions are available for four-channel transmitter operation. The receiver is tunable throughout the 50 to 54 MC band.

The only additional items required for AC operation are a high-impedance microphone with a push-to-talk switch and a suitable antenna.

A Model MR-40 Mobile Kit is required for 12-volt DC operation. This kit includes a heavy-duty vibrator, a DC power cable assembly, and the necessary brackets and hardware for mobile mounting.

NOTE

An FCC license is required by anyone operating this equipment.

1-2. FEATURES

The receiver used in the SR-46 is a double-conversion superheterodyne type, incorporating the following features:

- Low-noise, neutralized-nuvistor RF stage.
- Low-noise triode first mixer.
- Low-pass input filter.
- Eleven tuned RF and IF circuits.
- Automatic full-time noise limiter.
- Zener-regulated variable oscillator.
- Crystal-controlled second oscillator.
- Double-spaced, copper-plate variable oscillator capacitor.
- Planetary drive for easier tuning.
- Dual tuning range for greater bandspread.
- Calibrated "S" meter.
- Heavy-duty speaker with a 3/4-inch voice coil and a one-ounce Alnico V magnet.
- Adjustable threshold squelch.

Transmitter features include:

High-frequency type CR-23/U crystals for less TVI.
Frequency "SPOT" switch.
Automatic RF output meter switching.
Bridge neutralized final amplifier.
Pi network output.
Four panel-switch selected crystal sockets.
Provisions for external VFO.
Microphone gain control.
Convenient "Push-to-Talk" operation.
High-quality, sealed, changeover relay.
Hinged cover for easy access to crystal sockets and tubes.

1-3. TELEVISION INTERFERENCE

Precautions have been taken to reduce TVI to a minimum. However, in areas of low-signal intensity, particularly where Channel 2 is used, additional rejection may be required. A ground lead from the rear chassis ground terminal to a cold water pipe ground is recommended. Different ground lead lengths should be tried and leads which are odd multiples of a quarter wave length should be avoided.

For maximum reduction of TVI, a low-pass filter with 52-MC cutoff, such as R.L. Drake's Model TV-100-LP, should be used. With such a filter connected between the ANTENNA receptacle and the 50-ohm coaxial feed line, the SR-46 will be limited to operation in the 50 to 52 MC range.

SECTION II SPECIFICATIONS

RECEIVER

Sensitivity

Less than 1 microvolt for 10-DB signal-to-noise ratio (30% modulation).

Noise Figure

4 to 6 DB.

Power Gain

0.5 watt for a one-microvolt, 30%-modulated input.

AVC Figure of Merit

Better than 50 DB.

IF Rejection

60 DB.

Input Impedance

50 ohms (unbalanced).

Output Impedance

3.2 ohms.

Tuning Range

49.9 to 54.0 MC (minimum).

IF Frequencies

20.15 MC and 1650 KC.

Reception Mode

Type A3 emission (AM).

TRANSMITTER

Power Input

10 to 12 watts.

Tuning Range

49.75 to 54.0 MC (minimum).

Crystal Type

CR-23/U

Crystal Frequency

25 to 27 MC; $\frac{\text{Output Frequency}}{2}$

Microphone Input

High impedance with "push-to-talk."

Frequency Response

-3 DB at 300 and 3800 CPS.

Output Impedance

50 ohms (unbalanced).

Transmission Mode

Type A3 emission (AM).

GENERAL

NOTE

A Model MR-40 Mobile Kit is required for 12-volt mobile operation. This Kit includes a heavy-duty vibrator, a DC power cable assembly and the necessary brackets and hardware for mobile mounting.

AC OPERATION

105/125 volts, 60 cycles, 65 watts maximum.

DC OPERATION

11/16 volts (negative ground), 5 amperes maximum

Antenna Receptacle

Accepts Amphenol Type 83-1SP connector.

Microphone Receptacle

Accepts Amphenol Type 80-MC2M connector.

Number of Tubes

Ten, plus five diodes and one zener regulator.

Overall Dimensions (HWD)

5-1/2 by 12-1/8 by 8-1/4 inches.

Shipping Weight

17 pounds.

SECTION III INSTALLATION

3-1. UNPACKING

After unpacking the SR-46, examine it for damage which may have occurred in transit. Should any sign of damage be apparent, immediately file a claim with the carrier stating the extent of the damage. Carefully check all shipping labels and tags for instructions before removing or destroying them.

3-2. LOCATION

The SR-46 unit may be placed in any location that will permit free air circulation through the ventilation holes and openings in the cabinet.

In fixed-station use, avoid excessively warm locations such as those near radiators and heating vents. Also, avoid direct blasts of air from circulating fans, etc. Do not place any object on the cabinet cover that will impair natural ventilation.

In mobile installations, avoid direct air blasts from heaters or air conditioning units.

3-3. CONNECTION TO POWER SOURCE

The SR-46 may be used for 117-volt, 60-cycle AC operation or 12-volt DC, negative-ground operation by selecting the correct power cord and plug assembly.

In fixed installations where a 117-volt AC source will be used, the power cord with the standard

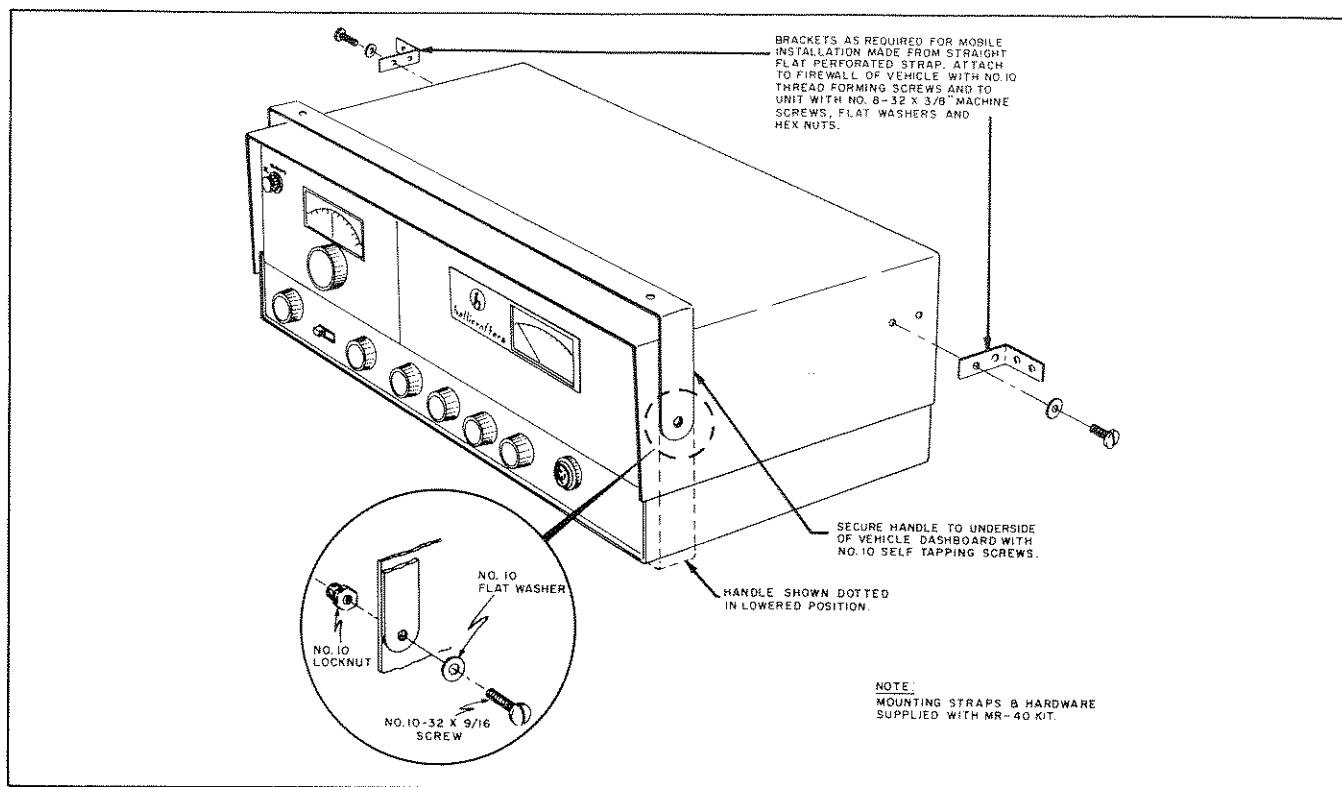
two-contact, molded plug on one end is used to connect to the AC outlet.

In mobile installations, the power lead with the in-line fuseholder is used. It is recommended that the bare end of this wire be connected directly to the positive (ungrounded) battery terminal. If additional length is required, wire no smaller than No. 14 AWG should be used. Connection of this lead to other points may cause reduced voltage, increased ignition interference, etc, which will impair normal operation.

The Hallicrafters Company has available two Electrical Noise Suppression Kits, Models HA-3 and HA-3A. These kits and instructions for their installation are available from your local Hallicrafters' dealer.

CAUTION

The SR-46 is wired for 12-volt negative-ground operation. If it is desired to use this unit in vehicles having a 12-volt positive-ground electrical system, it will be necessary to reverse the polarity of relay diode CR3 and relay electrolytic filter capacitor C61. An additional wire is required to be connected from the SR-46 chassis (screw terminal on rear) to the firewall or frame of the vehicle. This wire, No. 14 AWG or larger, completes the battery circuit.



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Figure 2. Mobile Installation of the SR-46 Unit

3-4. ANTENNAS

The SR-46 is designed for 50-ohm termination; therefore, any six-meter antenna providing 50-ohm termination may be used. Antenna polarization is very important at these frequencies and should be considered when choosing an antenna. Generally speaking, the antenna polarization should be compatible with that of the stations you will normally be in contact with.

The antenna should be connected to the antenna receptacle on the back of the unit using RG-8/U or RG-58/U coaxial cable (RG-8/U is recommended for lengths in excess of 25 feet).

It is important that the antenna be adjusted for the lowest possible VSWR at your normal operating frequency. Additional information on antennas may be found in the ARRL Handbook or in the ARRL Antenna Manual.

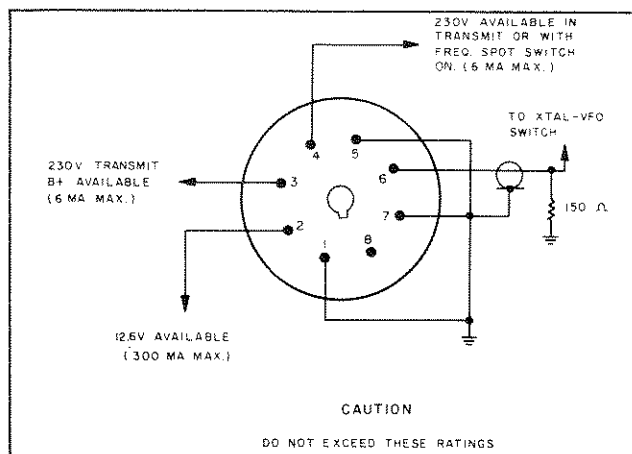
3-5. VFO INPUT SOCKET CONNECTIONS

When the SR-46 XTAL-VFO switch is placed in the VFO position, it is possible to control the transmitter frequency from an external variable-frequency oscillator.

The external oscillator should be capable of supplying 3 to 4 volts (RMS) across 150 ohms over a frequency range of 25 to 27 MC. The output of this oscillator should be connected to pin 6 and

ground (pin 7) of the VFO socket which is mounted on the rear chassis apron.

Voltages are available at this socket to provide power for such a unit (see figure 3).



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Figure 3. VFO Socket, Showing Pin Applications.

3-6. HEADPHONES

The headphone jack, located on the rear chassis apron, is wired so that the internal speaker is automatically disabled when the headphone plug is inserted.

The headphone impedance is not critical; therefore phones up to 2000 ohms impedance will give good results.

SECTION IV

CONTROLS AND OPERATION

CAUTION

Do not apply power unless this unit is terminated into an antenna or dummy load known to be near 50 ohms.

In mobile operation, turn the SR-46 OFF before engaging the engine starter switch. Failure to do so may materially shorten the life of the power-supply vibrator.

4-1. CONTROLS

A. OFF - AF GAIN

After the antenna and power source connections have been made, rotate the gain control knob clockwise until a click is heard. The dial and meter windows should illuminate indicating that power is applied. Rotate control clockwise as necessary for desired audio output level.

B. REC. RANGE

This control selects a receiver tuning range of 50 to 52 MC or 52 to 54 MC.

If the control is set for 50-52, the upper, or 50 to 52 MC dial calibrations should be used to indicate the frequency of reception.

If the control is set for 52-54, the lower, or 52 to 54 MC dial calibrations should be used.

C. TUNING

This control rotates the dial and variable oscillator capacitor through a planetary drive system, to provide the desired frequency of reception. As mentioned in paragraph 4-1B, the dial calibrations used must correspond to the setting of the REC. RANGE control.

D. XTAL-VFO

This is a five-position switch used for selection of any one of four crystals which may be inserted into the corresponding sockets directly behind this control on the inside top of the chassis. In the fifth position, all crystal sockets are disconnected and connection is made to pin 6 of the VFO socket (J3) for external VFO input between pin 6 and ground (pin 7).

E. GRID

This control is used to resonate the final amplifier input to the desired frequency. The 50-54 markings for this control are not calibration points but merely indicate the correct direction of rotation when tuning to a higher or lower operating frequency.

Always adjust this control for maximum upward meter deflection when in the Transmit Mode (i.e., push-to-talk switch on microphone closed).

F. PLATE

This control is used to resonate the plate circuit of the final amplifier to the desired frequency. The same comments as in paragraph 4-1E, apply to this control.

G. LOAD

This control adjusts the output portion of the pi network to provide optimum power transfer into the antenna load. There will be interaction between the PLATE and LOAD controls; therefore both should be adjusted repeatedly until no further upward meter deflection is obtained.

NOTE

The GRID, PLATE, and LOAD controls should always be adjusted for maximum upward meter deflection at the frequency of operation.

H. FREQ. SPOT

This switch, which should normally be in the OFF position, is used to apply plate voltage to the transmitter oscillator when in the Receive Mode. This generates a strong unmodulated signal which may be tuned-in on the receiver to indicate the frequency of transmission.

I. SQUELCH

The SQUELCH control is used to silence the receiver output in the absence of a signal. In the fully counterclockwise position the squelch circuit is inoperative (i.e., no silencing). In practice, the SQUELCH control should be advanced clockwise just to the point where off signal background noise disappears. Advancing the control beyond this point will prevent weak signals from being heard. However, the S Meter will indicate the presence of a signal even though the output is squelched.

J. MIC. GAIN (Rear chassis apron)

This control is used to adjust the amount of audio applied to the carrier (percentage of modulation). The correct setting of this control may be determined by viewing the modulated RF output signal on an oscilloscope or by checking with operators of nearby stations. The control should be adjusted for maximum undistorted talk power. Do not attempt to over-modulate.

Once set, this control need not be readjusted unless the microphone is changed. Normal setting of this control will usually be between one-half and two-thirds clockwise rotation when viewed from chassis rear.

K. METER ZERO (Rear chassis apron)

This control provides an electrical zero adjustment of the meter to compensate for tube and component aging which normally occurs.

1. To zero the meter, apply power to the SR-46 for at least fifteen minutes to allow circuit stabilization.
2. Remove the antenna and rotate the METER ZERO adjustment as necessary to cause the meter pointer to rest directly above the calibration mark at the extreme left end of the meter scale.

NOTE

This adjustment must be made in the Receive mode only.

4-2. RECEIVER OPERATION

To operate the SR-46 as a receiver, proceed as follows:

1. Connect a six meter, 50-ohm antenna to the ANTENNA receptacle located on the rear of the chassis.
2. Connect AC or 12-VDC power cord to an appropriate voltage source.
3. Rotate OFF-AF GAIN control clockwise until a click is heard. The dial and meter windows should illuminate, indicating that power has been applied.
4. Adjust AF GAIN control for desired audio output level.
5. Set REC. RANGE to the desired range.
6. Rotate TUNING control to the desired frequency.

NOTE

The dial calibration used must correspond to the setting of the REC. RANGE control.

4-3. TRANSMITTER OPERATION

To operate the SR-46 as a transmitter, proceed as follows:

1. Connect antenna and power source.
2. Connect microphone to MIC receptacle.
3. Insert desired crystal into one of the four crystal sockets which will be found directly behind the XTAL-VFO switch on the chassis top.
4. Rotate XTAL-VFO switch to the corresponding XTAL position.
5. Preset GRID, PLATE and LOAD control knobs to mid rotation (dot straight up).
6. Depress and hold microphone push-to-talk switch in the closed position.
7. Adjust GRID, PLATE and LOAD controls for maximum upward meter deflection. Repeat adjustments until no further increase in meter reading is obtainable.
8. Release push-to-talk switch.
9. Rotate the MIC GAIN control, located on rear chassis apron, to approximately two thirds of full rotation in a clockwise direction (when viewed from chassis rear). See paragraph 4-1J for complete information on adjustment of this control.
10. The SR-46 is now ready for transmission.

NOTE

Do not attempt to operate near the band edge unless accurate frequency measuring instruments are available to ensure that all of the transmitted signal is within the specified band limits.

Do not attempt to over-modulate.

11. The frequency of transmission can be "spotted" on the receiver dial by placing the FREQ SPOT switch in the ON position and tuning the receiver until a strong unmodulated signal is heard.
12. Return the FREQ SPOT switch to the OFF position.

NOTE

If the operating frequency is changed, the GRID, PLATE, and LOAD controls should be readjusted for maximum output.

4-4. TRANSMITTER CRYSTALS

High-frequency transmitter crystals similar to those used in citizens band and other modern day equipment are used to minimize spurious outputs generated in the process of high-order multiplication.

These crystals are readily available from any of the well-known crystal manufacturers. To order crystals proceed as follows:

1. Divide the desired operating frequency by 2 to determine the crystal frequency.

Example: The desired operating frequency is 50.2 MC.

$$\frac{50.2}{2} = 25.1 \text{ MC (crystal frequency).}$$

2. The crystal order to the manufacturer should contain the following information:

Crystal Type. CR-23/U
Crystal Frequency 25.1 MC

SECTION V THEORY OF OPERATION

5-1. RECEIVER (Figure 4)

An RF signal (50 to 54 MC) is applied to the antenna input (J1) and is fed through the change-over relay, (K1), through the low-pass filter, to the broadband antenna coil (L1). The signal is transformed to a higher impedance and the resultant voltage is applied to the grid of the neutralized 13CW4 Nuvistor (V1) where it is amplified.

After amplification, the signal is fed through a 50 to 54 MC bandpass coupler to the first mixer stage (V2A). Here it is heterodyned with the voltage developed by the variable oscillator (V2B) to produce a difference or IF frequency of 20.15 MC.

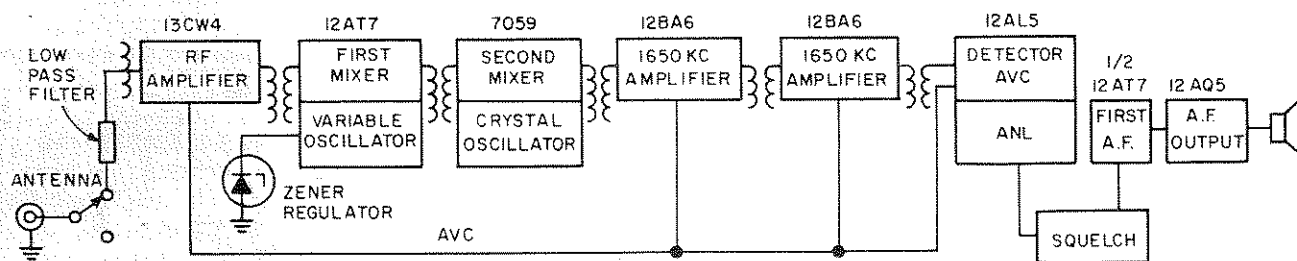
The variable oscillator has a basic tuning range of 29.85 to 31.85 MC to provide a tuning range of 50 to 52 MC. In the 52 to 54 MC range, a coil (L6) is connected in parallel with the oscillator coil (L7) to shift the oscillator tuning range exactly two megacycles higher in frequency. The oscillator plate voltage is controlled by a zener regulator (CR2) to maintain stable operation over a wide range of input voltage variations.

The 20.15-MC first IF signal is fed through a double-tuned transformer (T1) to the grid of the second mixer (V3A) where it is heterodyned with the output of an 18.5-MC crystal-controlled oscillator (V3B) to produce a second IF frequency of 1650 KC.

The 1650-KC IF signal is fed through three double-tuned transformers (T2, T3, and T4) and two amplifier stages (V4 and V5) to the envelope detector where the signal is rectified to produce an audio signal and AVC voltage.

The AVC voltage after filtering is applied to both 1650-KC IF amplifiers and to the RF amplifier to provide automatic gain control.

The audio signal, after RF filtering, is fed through the automatic, self-adjusting noise-limiter circuitry to the AF GAIN control. From the receiver audio gain control, it is fed through the squelch diode to a set of relay contacts, two audio stages (V9B and V10), and the output transformer (T5) to the speaker (LS1). It should be noted that these two audio stages and the output transformer, as well as a microphone preamplifier stage (V9A) are used to modulate the transmitter.



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Figure 4. Receiver Block Diagram

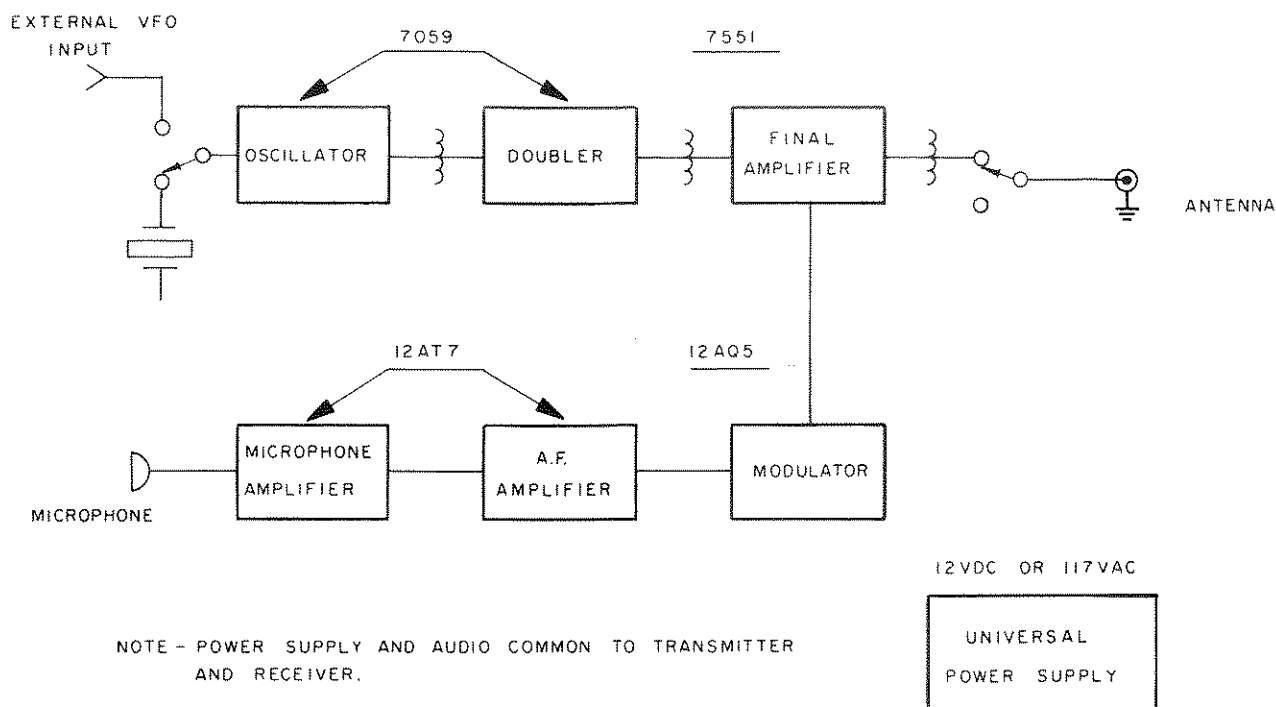


Figure 5. Transmitter Block Diagram.

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In the Receive Mode, the antenna is connected to the receiver input, plate voltage is removed from the transmitter oscillator and doubler stage, the microphone preamplifier plate voltage is removed, the receiver audio is connected to the audio amplifier, the speaker voice coil circuit is completed, and the final transmitter amplifier cathode circuit is opened.

5-2. TRANSMITTER (Figure 5)

The transmitter signal is generated in the triode section (V7A) of the 7059 oscillator/doubler stage. This may be done by using a crystal or by placing the XTAL-VFO switch (S4) in the VFO position and feeding in an external signal of the proper amplitude and frequency. The output of the triode section is broad tuned to cover the 25 to 27 MC range.

The 25 to 27 MC signal is applied to the pentode or doubler section of the same tube (V7B) to develop a signal in the 50 to 54 MC range. The output of this stage is resonated by the GRID tuning control (C52) to accept the desired 50 to 54 MC signal and reject the 25 to 27 MC signal.

This signal is fed to the final amplifier stage (V8) for further amplification. The output of the final amplifier is connected to a pi network to resonate the plate circuit and transform the amplifier plate impedance to the desired 50 ohms. The signal is then fed through a set of relay contacts to the ANTENNA receptacle.

Modulation of the plate and screen circuits of the final amplifier is accomplished in the conventional manner. The degree or percentage of modulation is controlled by adjustment of the MIC GAIN control (R29) on the rear chassis apron.

In the Transmit Mode, voltage is removed from RF, mixers, and IF stages of the receiver, the antenna is connected to the transmitter, the speaker voice coil circuit is opened, the final amplifier cathode circuit is completed, and voltage is applied to the microphone preamplifier as well as the transmitter oscillator and doubler stages.

5-3. POWER SUPPLY.

The power supply used is of the universal, full-wave voltage-doubler type. Silicon rectifiers (CR4 and CR5) are used for good voltage regulation and reduced heat. Either 117 VAC or 12 VDC operation is available by proper choice of power cord and plug assemblies. All connections are made automatically when the cords are changed. A heavy-duty vibrator is used for DC operation.

NOTE

The SR-46 is wired for 12-volt negative-ground operation. To use this equipment in vehicles where the positive battery terminal is grounded, it will be necessary to reverse the polarity of the relay diode CR3 and the relay electrolytic filter capacitor C61.

5-4. "S" METER-RF OUTPUT METER.

A bridge circuit is used to provide a forward reading meter which is used in Receive and Transmit. Plate current for the two AVC-controlled IF amplifier tubes is measured by the meter and is proportional to the AVC voltage (or incoming signal strength). The meter is calibrated in "S" units to 9 and in decibels above S9. S9 will represent an incoming signal of 50 microvolts at the ANTENNA receptacle.

In Transmit, a small portion of the RF output signal is rectified and filtered. This rectified current is measured by the meter and gives an indication of the relative output of the transmitter. When the SR-46 is terminated into 50 ohms, the meter will read between one-half and three-quarters of full scale at maximum transmitter output. Readings above or below this level indicate incorrect antenna termination or improper tuning.

SECTION VI

SERVICE DATA

6-1. CHASSIS REMOVAL

1. Remove power cable.
2. Disconnect antenna.
3. Disconnect microphone.
4. Remove six screws in cabinet bottom.
5. Slide chassis forward in cabinet to remove.

NOTE

Hinged cover provides easy access to pilot lights, tubes, crystals, etc.

6-2. SERVICE AND OPERATING QUESTIONS.

For further information regarding operation or servicing of this equipment contact the dealer from whom the unit was purchased. The Hallicrafters Company maintains an extensive system of Authorized Service Centers where any required service will be performed promptly and efficiently at no charge if this equipment is delivered to the service center within 90 days from date of purchase by the original buyer and the defect falls within the terms of the warranty. It is necessary to present the bill of sale in order to establish warranty status. After expiration of the warranty, repairs

will be made for a nominal charge. All Hallicrafters Authorized Service Centers display the sign shown below. For the location of the one nearest you, consult your dealer or telephone directory.

Make no service shipments to the factory, unless instructed to do so by letter, as The Hallicrafters Company will not accept responsibility for unauthorized shipments.

The Hallicrafters Company reserves the privilege of making revisions in current production of equipment and assumes no obligation to incorporate such revisions in earlier models.



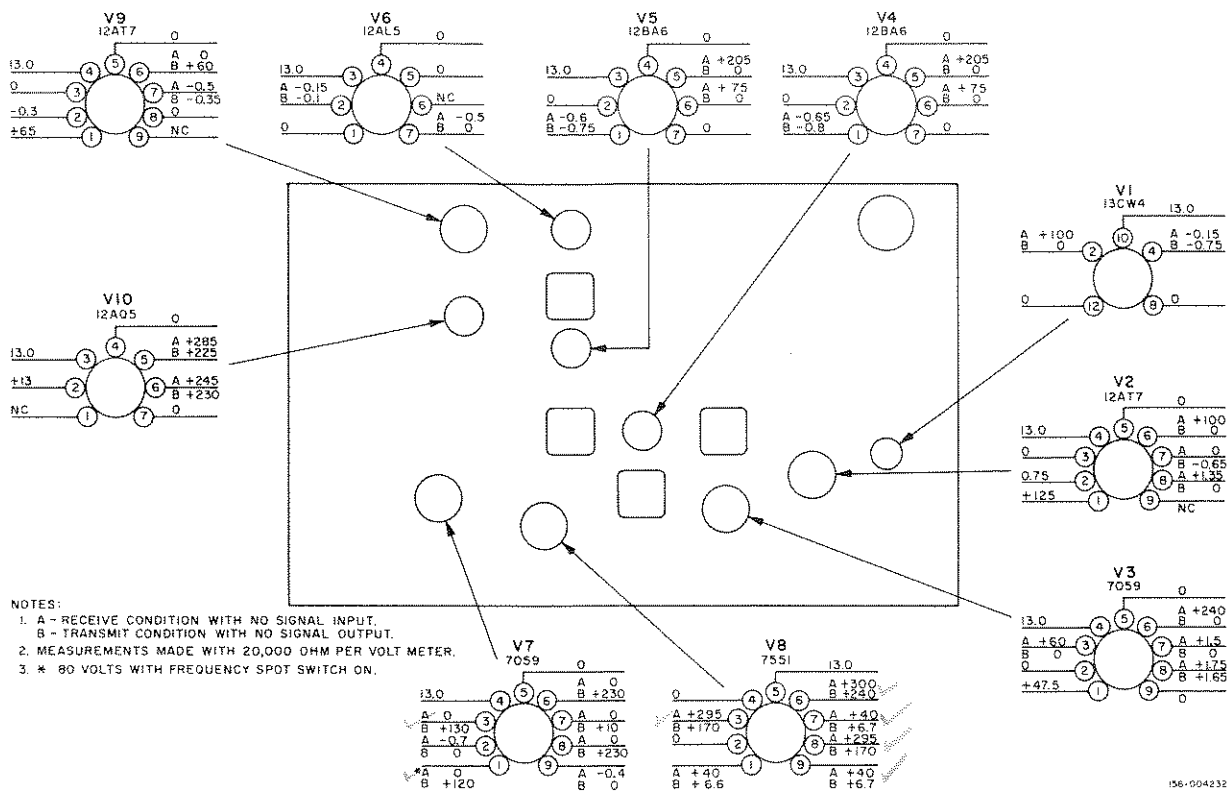


Figure 6. Voltage Chart.

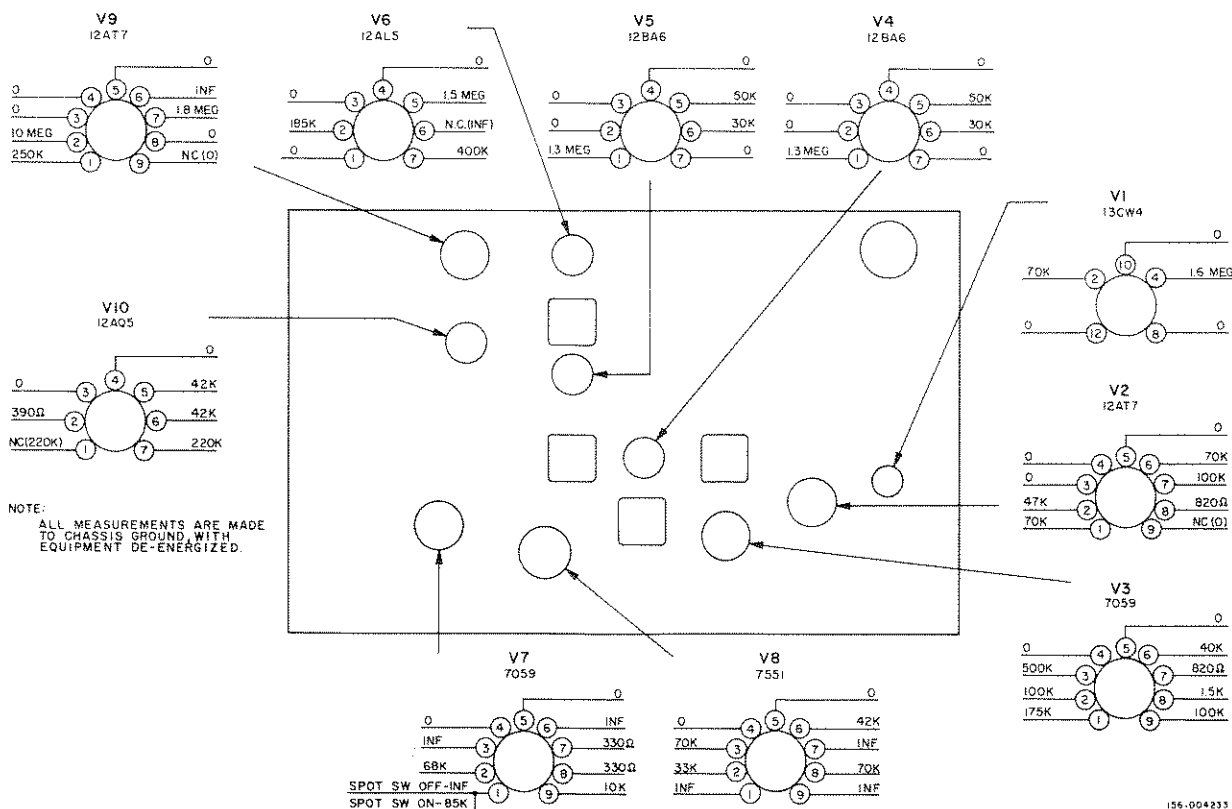


Figure 7. Resistance Chart

SECTION VII ALIGNMENT

7-1. GENERAL

Alignment should not be attempted until all other possible causes of faulty operation have been exhausted. Alignment should only be performed by qualified personnel familiar with communications equipment and experienced in the alignment of such equipment.

NONE

Do not make any adjustments unless the operation of this unit is fully understood and adequate test equipment is available.

7-2. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED (Receiver)

1. Signal generator with 1650-KC to 54-MC coverage. 50-ohm termination impedance, and 30%, 400-cycle modulation.
2. Audio output meter providing 3.2-ohm termination. The AC scale of a VTVM may be used, in which case a 3 or 4 ohm, 2 watt, resistive load should be used.

7-3. INITIAL CONTROL SETTINGS

NOTE

Disconnect speaker and terminate output transformer secondary with 3.2-ohm load. Connect output meter across load.

Allow at least fifteen minutes warmup time before making any adjustment.

TUNING	52 MC
REC. RANGE	50 to 52 MC
AF GAIN	Fully advanced.
SQUELCH	OFF

7-4. 1650-KC IF ALIGNMENT

1. Connect the hot lead from the signal generator through a 0.01 to 0.05 μ F capacitor to pin 2 of V3 (ground shield of generator lead to the chassis).
2. Set generator at 1650 KC (30%, 400-cycle modulation) and increase level as necessary to obtain indication on audio output meter.
3. Adjust top and bottom cores of T4, T3, and T2 for maximum audio output. Keep generator output at the lowest practical level.

7-5. 20.15-MC IF ALIGNMENT

1. Connect hot lead of signal generator through a 0.01 to 0.05 μ F capacitor to pin 7 of V2 (shield to chassis).
2. Set generator at 20.15 MC (30%, 400-cycle modulation) and adjust top and bottom cores of T1 for maximum audio output. Keep generator output at the lowest practical level.

NOTE

With certain core settings in the 20.15-MC IF, the 18.5-MC oscillator will not oscillate causing the receiver to appear dead. Should this occur, rotate the transformer cores one or two turns or until a signal can be found.

7-6. ANTENNA AND BANDPASS ALIGNMENT

1. Connect signal generator to ANTENNA input receptacle.
2. Set generator at 52 MC (30%, 400-cycle modulation) and adjust L3, L2, and L1 for maximum audio output.
3. Tune receiver and generator to 50 MC and adjust L3 for maximum audio output.
4. Tune receiver and generator to 54 MC and adjust L2 for maximum audio output.
5. Check for uniform gain at 50, 52, and 54 MC. If the variation is greater than 3 DB, repeat the above adjustments.

7-7. VARIABLE OSCILLATOR ADJUSTMENT

1. Disconnect output termination and meter, and connect speaker.
2. Set receiver dial at 50 MC.
(REC. RANGE at 50-52 MC)
3. Set generator at 50 MC (modulated).
4. Adjust oscillator coil L7 until a signal is heard.
5. Set receiver dial to 52 MC.
(REC. RANGE at 50-52 MC)

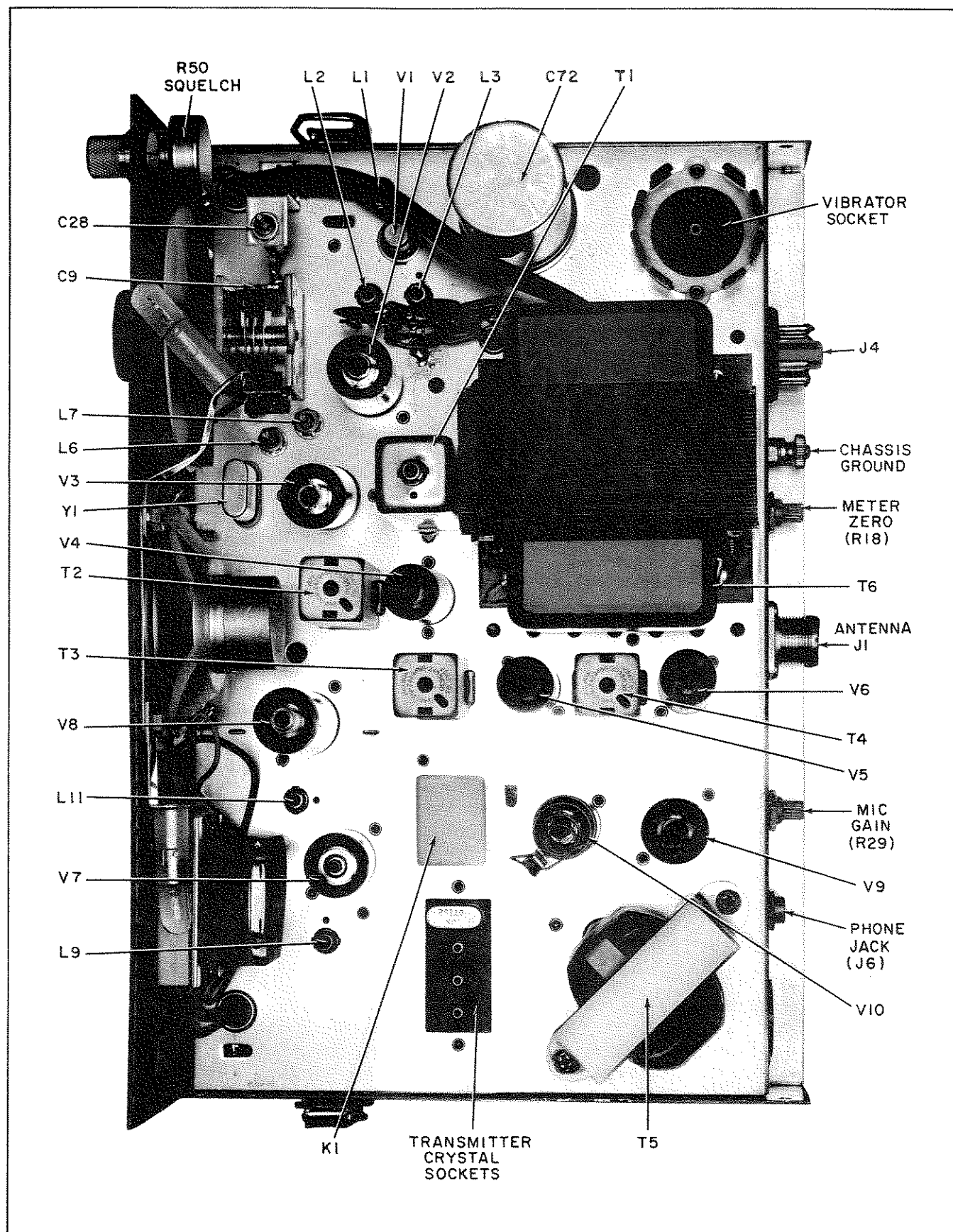


Figure 8. Top View of Chassis, Showing Component Locations.

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6. Set generator to 52 MC.
7. Adjust trimmer capacitor C28 until a signal is heard.
8. Repeat these adjustments until the calibration is correct at 50 and 52 MC.
9. Set REC. RANGE switch to 52-54 MC.
10. Set receiver dial to 52 MC.
11. Set generator to 52 MC.
12. Adjust coil L6 until a signal is heard.
13. There may be some interaction between the two coil adjustments; therefore, the above adjustments should be repeated, if necessary, for accurate calibration.

NOTE

Small errors in calibration in the 50 to 52 MC range may be corrected by slight readjustment of coil L7 only. Calibration in the 52 to 54 MC range should not be attempted until calibration has been established in the 50 to 52 MC range. Adjustment of the 52 to 54 MC range must be made by coil L6.

7-8. TRANSMITTER OSCILLATOR COIL.

This adjustment should be made with a 27-MC crystal installed in the transmitter. If a 27-MC crystal is not available, select the highest frequency crystal that you intend to use.

2. Tune the transmitter in the normal manner for maximum output.
3. Adjust the core of coil L9 for maximum upward RF output meter deflection and then back the core out approximately one-quarter turn (high frequency side of resonance) to ensure oscillator starting.

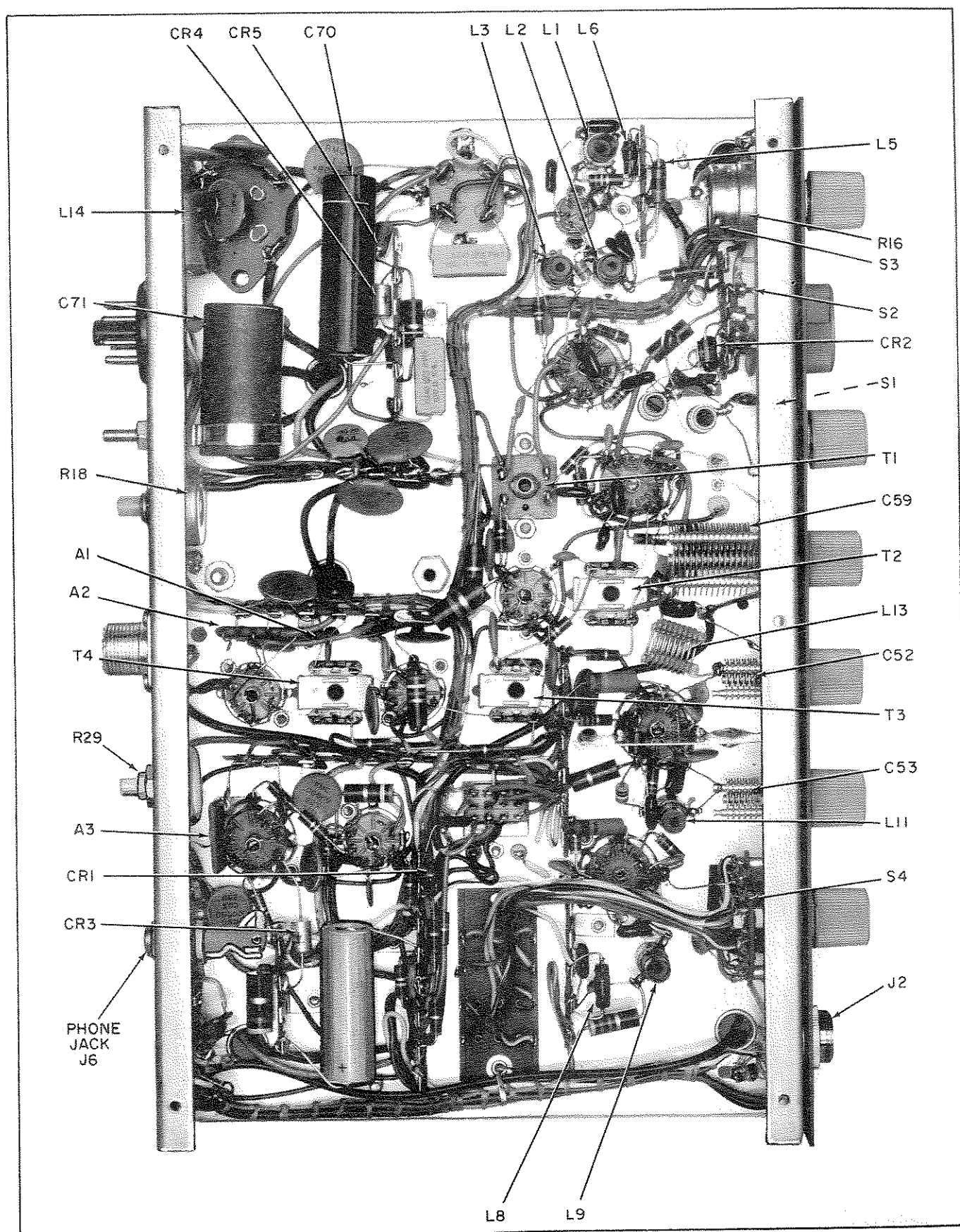
NOTE

If no transmitter output can be obtained, turn core of coil L9 out of coil winding approximately two turns or until an indication of RF output is obtained and then make adjustment as described above.

7-9. TRANSMITTER DOUBLER COIL ADJUSTMENT.

If the GRID control passes through resonance at any point between nine o'clock and three o'clock, no adjustment is necessary. If it does not reach resonance, proceed as follows:

1. Select a crystal that will give an output near 50 MC.
2. Tune transmitter for maximum RF output.
3. Set GRID control near 50.
4. Adjust core in coil L11 for maximum RF meter output.

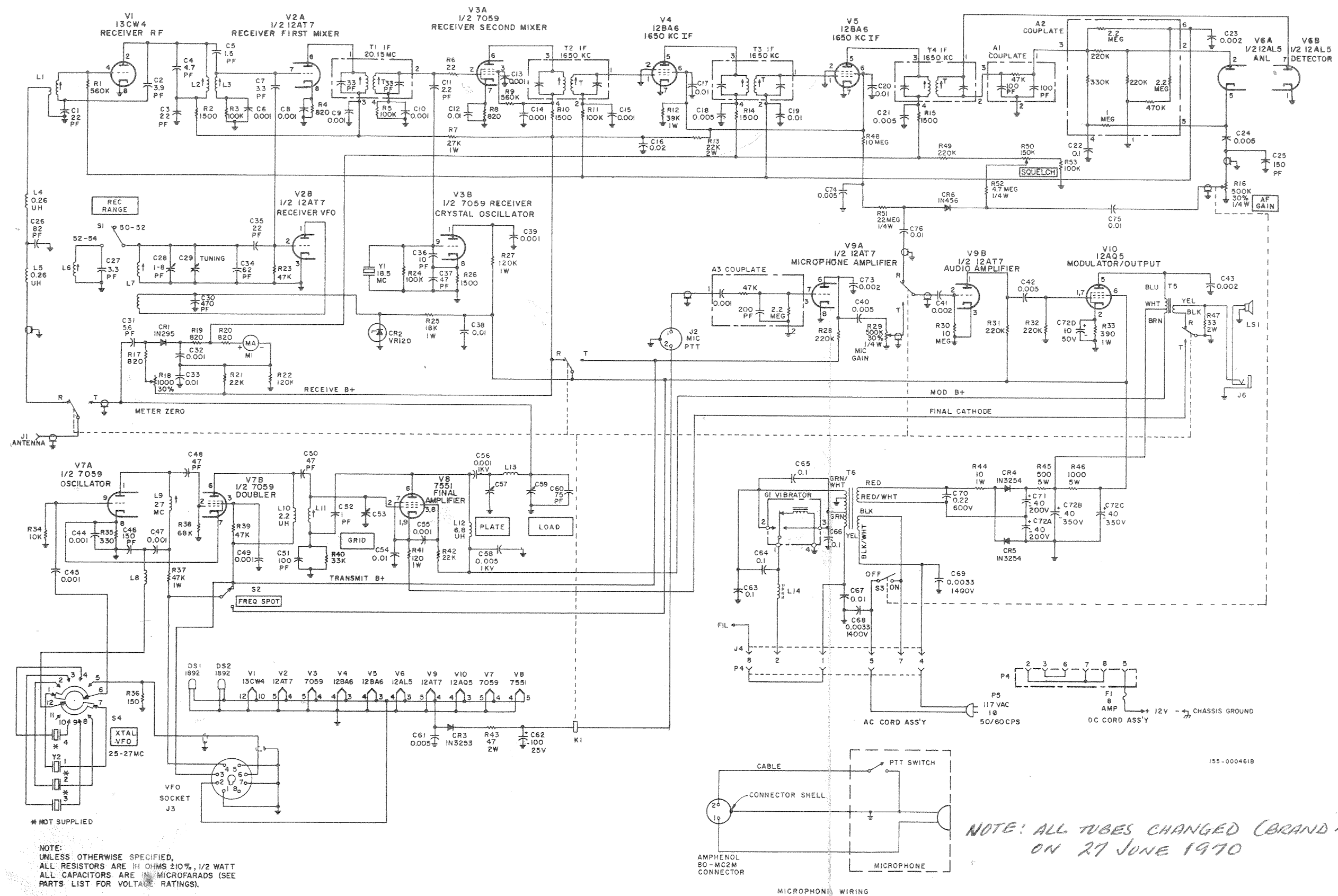


156-004271

Figure 9. Bottom Chassis View, Showing Component Locations

SERVICE REPAIR PARTS LIST

Schematic Symbol	Description	Hallicrafters Part Number	Schematic Symbol	Description	Hallicrafters Part Number	Schematic Symbol	Description	Hallicrafters Part Number
CAPACITORS			*RESISTORS (CONT.)			ELECTRON TUBES AND DIODES		
C1,3,35	22 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-110220-221	R3,5,11	100K Ohm	451-252104	V1	Tube, Type 13CW4, Nuvistor	090-901563
C2	3.9 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-140390-221	R4,8,17,19,20	820 Ohm	451-252821	V2,9	Tube, Type 12AT7	090-900034
C4	4.7 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-140470-221	R6	22 Ohm	451-252220	V3,7	Tube, Type 7059	090-901561
C5	1.5 PF, 10%, 500V, Composition	047-200403-003	R7	27K Ohm, 1 watt	451-352273	V4,5	Tube, Type 12BA6	090-900039
C6,8,9,10,13,14,15,32,39,44,45,47,49,55	0.001 μ F, 20%, 500V, Ceramic Disc	047-001671	R12	39K Ohm, 1 watt	451-352393	V6	Tube, Type 12AL5	090-901186
C7,27	3.3 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-140330-221	R13	22K Ohm, 2 watt	451-652223	V8	Tube, Type 7551	090-901562
C11	2.2 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-140220-221	R16	Variable, Composition, 500K Ohm, 30%, 1/4 watt AF GAIN	025-002402	V10	Tube, Type 12AQ5	090-901432
C12,17,19,20,33,38,54,67,75,76	0.01 μ F, +80-20%, 450V, Ceramic Disc	047-100217	R18	Variable, Composition, 1000 Ohm, 30%, METER ZERO	025-002383	CR1	Diode, Germanium, Type 1N295	019-301980
C16	0.02 μ F, 20%, 500V, Ceramic Disc	047-100471	R21,42	22K Ohm	451-252223	CR2	Diode, Zener, Type VR120	019-003407
C18,21,24,40,42,61,74	0.005 μ F, 20%, 500V, Ceramic Disc	047-100442	R22	120K Ohm	451-252124	CR3	Diode, Silicon, Type 1N3253	019-002939-001
C22,63,64,65,66	0.1 μ F, +80-20%, 50V, Ceramic Disc	047-001146	R23,39	47K Ohm	451-252473	CR4,5	Diode, Silicon, Type 1N3254	019-002939-002
C23,41,43,73	0.002 μ F, 20%, 500V, Ceramic Disc	047-100395	R25	18K Ohm, 1 watt	451-352183	CR6	Diode, Silicon, Type 1N456	019-002964
C25,46	150 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-110151-224	R27	120K Ohm, 1 watt	451-352124	MISCELLANEOUS		
C26	82 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-110820-223	R28,31,32,49	220K Ohm	451-252224	Bracket, Meter Mounting	067-012400	
C28	Variable, Trimmer, 1-8 PF, 600V, Piston Type	044-000593	R29	Variable, Composition, 500K Ohm, 30%, 1/4 watt MIC GAIN	025-002382	Bracket, Capacitor	067-012409	
C29	Variable, Tuning	048-000570	R30	10 Megohm	451-252106	Bumper, Rubber, 7/8 inch O.D.	016-002446	
C30	470 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-110471-224	R33	390 Ohm, 1 watt	451-352391	Bumper, Rubber, 1-3/32 inch O.D.	016-001077	
C31	5.6 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-140560-221	R34	10K Ohm	451-252103	Cabinet Assembly, Bottom, Riveted	150-007672	
C34	62 PF, 5%, Ceramic Tubular	491-025620-051	R35	330 Ohm	451-252331	Cabinet Assembly, Top, Riveted	150-010022	
C36	10 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-110100-221	R36	150 Ohm	451-252151	Cable Assembly, AC	087-008133	
C37,48	47 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-110470-223	R37	47K Ohm, 1 watt	451-352473	Connector, Microphone (inc. Hardware)	010-001569	
C50	47 PF, 2%, Ceramic Tubular	491-104470-053	R38	68K Ohm	451-252683	Connector, Receptacle, Power	010-100239	
C51	100 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-110101-224	R40	33K Ohm	451-252333	Connector, Receptacle, ANTENNA	010-100056	
C52	1 PF, 10%, 500V, Composition	047-200403-002	R41	120 Ohm, 1 watt	451-352121	Crystal, Quartz, 18.5 MC	019-003408	
C53,57	Variable, Trimmer, 2-11.9 PF, 500V, Air Type, GRID and PLATE	048-000571	R43	47 Ohm, 2 watt	451-652470	Crystal, Transmitting (Not Supplied)	019-003409	
C56	0.001 μ F, 20%, 1000V, Ceramic Disc	047-101172	R44	10 Ohm, 1 watt	451-352100	Dial, Scale	083-001049	
C58	0.005 μ F, 20%, 1000V, Ceramic Disc	047-200523	R45	500 Ohm, 10%, 5 watt, Wire Wound	445-012501	Filter, Couplate	049-000244	
C59	Variable, Trimmer, 6-100.5 PF, 500V, Air Type LOAD	048-000572	R46	1000 Ohm, 10%, 5 watt, Wire Wound	445-012102	Filter, Couplate	049-000281	
C60	75 PF, 5%, 300V, Plastic Mica	493-110750-223	R47	33 Ohm, 2 watt	451-652330	Filter, Couplate	049-000282	
C62	100 μ F, 25V, Electrolytic	045-001204	R48	10 Megohm	451-252106	Iron Core	003-203388	
C68,69	0.0033 μ F, 1400V, Ceramic Disc	047-001618	R50	Variable, 150K Ohm, SQUELCH	025-002718	Jack, Phone	036-000350	
C70	0.22 μ F, 10%, 600V, Paper Tubular	046-001434-464	R51	22 Megohm, 1/4 watt	451-152226	Knob (AF GAIN, REC RANGE, LOAD, XTAL-VFO)	015-001844	
C71	40 μ F, 200V, Electrolytic	045-000633	R52	4.7 Megohm, 1/4 watt	451-152475	Knob (PLATE, GRID)	015-001844-001	
C72A,B,C,D	40 μ F, 350V -40 μ F, 350V-40 μ F, 300V-10 μ F, 50V, Electrolytic	045-000632	*All RESISTORS are carbon type, 10% 1/2 watt unless otherwise stated.			Knob, Dial Scale	015-001843	
*RESISTORS			COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			Knob, SQUELCH	015-001758	
R1,9	560K Ohm	451-252564	L1	Coil, Receiver Antenna	050-001633	Lamp, Pilot	039-000797	
R2,10,14,15,26	1500 Ohm	451-252152	L2,3	Coil, Receiving Band Pass	050-001632	Latch, Bottom	030-000777-001	
			L4,5	Coil, Low Pass Filter, 0.28 μ H	050-001654	Latch, Top	030-000777-002	
			L6	Coil, Receiver Oscillator Shunt	050-001651	Meter	082-000637	
			L7	Coil, Receiver Oscillator	050-001648	Medallion	007-000850	
			L8	Coil, Crystal Oscillator	051-003353	Panel, Front	068-001717	
			L9	Coil, Oscillator Plate Transmitter, 27 MC	050-001650	Relay, Armature(4 PDT)	021-000764	
			L10	Coil, 2.2 μ H, RF Choke	050-001588	Socket, Crystal	006-100320	
			L11	Coil, Doubler Transmitter	050-001652	Socket, Dial Light	086-000744	
			L12	Coil, 6.8 μ H, RF Choke	050-001587	Socket, Nuvistor	006-000936	
			L13	Coil, Final Plate Transmitter	050-001653	Socket, Octal	006-100296	
			L14	Coil, Hash Filter	051-002740	Socket, Tube, 7-pin	006-000946	
			T1	Transformer, 1st IF, 20.15 MC	050-001649	Socket, Tube, 9-pin	006-000947	
			T2,3,4	Transformer, Intermediate Frequency, 1650 KC	050-000788	Socket, Transmitter Crystal	150-003281	
			T5	Transformer, Audio Modulator	055-000546	Socket, Wafer, 4-pin	006-000889	
			T6	Transformer, Power	050-001687	Switch, Rotary, REC RANGE	060-002705	
						Switch, Slide (SPDT) FREQ SPOT	060-002548	
						Part of R16		
						Switch, Rotary, XTAL-VFO	060-002697	
						Speaker	085-000249	
						Trim Strip	007-000949	
						Window, Plexiglass	022-000725	



SR-46A Schematic Diagram

NOTE

ALL MENTION OF THE SR-46 IN THIS MANUAL ALSO REFERS TO THE SR-46A.

WARRANTY

"The Hallicrafter's Company warrants each new radio product manufactured by it to be free from defective material and workmanship and agrees to remedy any such defect or to furnish a new part in exchange for any part of any unit of its manufacture which under normal installation, use and service discloses such defect, provided the unit is delivered by the owner to our authorized radio dealer, wholesaler, from whom purchased, or, authorized service center, intact, for examination, with all transportation charges prepaid within ninety days from the date of sale to original purchaser and provided that such examination discloses in our judgment that it is thus defective.

This warranty does not extend to any of our radio products which have been subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, incorrect wiring not our own, improper installation, or to use in violation of instructions furnished by us, nor extended to units which have been repaired or altered outside of our factory or authorized service center, nor to cases where the serial number thereof has been removed, defaced or changed, nor to accessories used therewith not of our own manufacture.

Any part of a unit approved for remedy or exchange hereunder will be remedied or exchanged by the authorized radio dealer or wholesaler without charge to the owner.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied and no representative or person is authorized to assume for us any other liability in connection with the sale of our radio products."

the hallicrafters co.

092-014555

Model HA26 Final Q e fest
Serial no. 526000 - 110041 Q 201011 Qe
Model no. SR46A Final f est
Serial no. 446100 - 625076 Q 218G18